

Risk Assessment Policy Whole School Including EYFS

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(date / signature)				
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This school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people/vulnerable adults and expects all staff and volunteers to share this commitment.

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1 FOREWORD

- 1.1 This document sets out the strategy, management responsibilities and implementation procedures for undertaking risk assessments. Its purpose is to:
- 1.2 Ensure early recognition and assessment of the risk to employees and others affected by Branwood School's undertaking.
- 1.3 Ensure effective communication between management and their staff to raise awareness of the findings from risk assessment.
- 1.4 Establish effective risk assessment and incorporate the process and assessment results into management activities i.e. supervision, performance management, team meeting agendas and other procedures/ management systems.
- 1.5 Where risks are identified, put in place suitable control measures to reduce those risks and establish effective monitoring of control measures.
- 1.6 Set up effective assessment and monitoring tools to evaluate the effectiveness of local arrangements put in place to minimise the risks.
- 1.7 Encourage individual responsibility to recognise and inform management of hazards and risks.
- 1.8 This policy is published under the authority of the Head and Bursar of Branwood School.

This policy and associated procedures are for application across Branwood School and reflect any changes in legislation and or Branwood School practices.

The head is responsible for authorising and signing off risk assessments.

Health & safety committee meetings are held termly and reviews are done by the governors as required.

Annual reviews are done in line with the LA and the DfE guidance.

2 SCOPE

2.1 This policy and associated procedures are to be followed by all staff.

Staff are responsible for the assessment of work related hazards. The aim is to provide a system for assessing risks across all our work activities involving Forest School employees, temporary staff, contractors and visitors. This policy and associated procedures are also to be used by the Site Manager to assess harm that could be caused to equipment, buildings and the environment.

- 2.2 Within this policy and associated procedures Hazard, Risk and Harm have the following meaning:
- Hazard Potential to cause harm
- Risk Likelihood that harm will occur and its consequences
- Harm Injury to people, damage to products, equipment, plant and buildings; pollution of the environment
- 2.3 The term "Staff" is used throughout to mean the person with direct responsibility for the safe conduct of the work activity.

3 INTRODUCTION

- 3.1 A basic Risk Assessment is simply a careful examination of what, in your work, could harm people, so that you can weigh up whether you have taken enough precautions or should do more to prevent harm to yourself, your colleagues, contractors, visitors or anyone else who may be affected by your work. The examination can be extended to include damage to products, equipment, plant and buildings; pollution of the environment.
- 3.2 Risk Assessment is a process that becomes easier with training and experience. Training will be delivered to employees who are expected to undertake risk assessments. Those identified as responsible for conducting risk assessments are strongly advised to take advantage of this training to ensure correct and effective application of the risk assessment process.
- 3.3 This policy should be read in conjunction with;

Health and Safety Policy

Educational Visits Policy

Risk Assessment Guidance

Anti-Bullying Policy

Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

Supervision Policy

Class handbooks

4 REQUIREMENT

- 4.1 Risk Assessment helps Branwood School focus on the risks that really matter in the workplace, the significant ones with real potential to cause harm. The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations requires employers to undertake suitable and sufficient risk assessments. However, they do not necessarily require the elimination of all risk, but employers are required to protect people so far as reasonably practicable. Part of this protection involves an informed, rational and structured evaluation of the risks presented by working practices and or the working environment. Branwood School is legally required to assess the risks in the workplace so that an effective plan to control the risks can be put in place.
- 4.2 Risk assessment is not a substitute for making things safe e.g. spilled liquids should be cleaned up rather than a risk assessment produced warning of the slip hazard.

5 TYPES OF RISK ASSESSMENT

5.1 All significant risks shall be assessed, however, although the principles of assessment remain the same their application can differ.

There are three recognised methods of assessment;

- Dynamic A mental assessment of risk for use when any delay would increase the risk of harm. Dynamic assessment can also be used as the initial step in formal risk assessment.
- Formal A written method of evaluating the risk of harm.
- Generic An evaluation of risk that can be applied to common tasks.
- 5.2 Dynamic risk assessment allows for immediate mental safety assessments to be made without implementing the formal risk assessment process e.g. the decision to tackle a small fire, a task with obvious safety risks which would increase if delayed by formal assessment. Therefore, dynamic risk assessment can be effectively used in emergencies where any delay increases the risk of harm, it is not to be used purely to save time or avoid additional work.
- 5.3 Dynamic risk assessment can be used as an initial step in establishing which risks are significant and require further assessment. It can also be used prior to the use of generic assessments to identify if the assessment is suitable and sufficient for the task in hand.
- 5.4 Formal risk assessment is a documented process of assessing risks and involves a process of measuring the likelihood of an event occurring with its likely consequences.
- 5.5 Some common tasks, tasks that share the same hazards and controls e.g. routine maintenance or cleaning activities, can be assessed and a generic risk assessment produced. These assessments can only be used when the influencing factors are the same and the Health & Safety Officer considers that the control measures identified and implemented adequately reduce the risk of harm.
- 5.6 The risk assessment methods described shall only be deviated from where alternative legislation applies.

6 RESPONSIBILITY

The following specific organisational responsibilities apply:

- 6.1 Branwood School will do all it reasonably can do to:
- 6.1.1 Be committed to increasing the general awareness and understanding of Risk Assessment within the School.

- 6.1.2 Recognise and understand the importance of skilled management of employees by the provision of appropriate training on an on-going basis for managers and staff.
- 6.1.3 The Head/Bursar are responsible for Health and Safety and has responsibility for monitoring implementation, review and compliance of this Risk Assessment Policy.
- 6.1.4 The Bursar has overall responsibility for the implementation of this Risk Assessment Policy and associated procedures. The Head is responsible for ensuring that those staff designated with supporting and monitoring this Policy document carry out their responsibilities as shown in this document.

6.2 Head/Bursar

- 6.2.1 Ensuring that all new starters have received suitable induction and all employees received on and off the job training and coaching to ensure that they have the ability to carry out their existing or new roles.
- 6.2.2 Providing positive leadership and a visible commitment to this Policy.
- 6.2.3 Provide support and guidance to the Staff to ensure risk assessments and subsequent control measures and practicable and enforceable.
- 6.3 Staff are responsible for ensuring that suitable and sufficient arrangements are in place to implement the Policy within their sphere of responsibility including:
- 6.3.1 Having sufficient knowledge and understanding to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities.
- 6.3.2 Ensuring all hazards in their areas of responsibility have been identified and all significant risks are assessed.
- 6.3.3 Ensuring that all those who might be exposed to a hazard are made aware of the risk assessment and the identified control measures.
- 6.3.4 Ensuring that the control measures identified by the risk assessment are effectively implemented and complied with.
- 6.3.5 Encourage personal development to ensure that staff have suitable skills to cope with their work demands.
- 6.3.6 If there are changes to be made it is not necessary or desirable to wait until the review date to change the assessment, it is to be done at the earliest opportunity.
- 6.3.7 Informing all staff under their control of sources of support and advice within the organisation.
- 6.3.8 Attend training as requested in good management practice and health and safety.

6.4 Employees

All employees are responsible for:

- 6.4.1 Understanding and complying with this Policy.
- 6.4.2 Ensure they report any defects or dangerous occurrences
- 6.4.3 Protecting the health of themselves and others at work.

- 6.4.4 Ensuring that they comply with any control measures that are in place.
- 6.4.5 Informing the Head/Bursar when a process or task changes or it is felt the risk assessment fails to identify appropriate control measures.

6.5 Health & Safety and Compliance

Health & Safety and Compliance will:

- 6.5.1 Advise Employees on the risk assessment process and where practicable ensure the risk assessment is suitable and sufficient.
- 6.5.2 Provide Employees with relevant Branwood School risk assessment procedural training and review periodically.
- 6.5.3 Provide assistance and advice to Employees to ensure compliance and provide the safest possible work space for pupils, staff, visitors, contractors, vulnerable groups, etc.
- 6.5.4 Provide information of when risk assessments are due for renewal.
- 6.5.5 Maintain a register of all risk assessments conducted in each area.

7. EDUCATIONAL VISITS

- 7.1.1 All Staff requesting an educational visit for their class will follow the Educational Visits Policy.
- 7.1.2 Once the plan and risk assessment is submitted, it is checked by the Office/Bursar prior to being authorised. The visit leader is reminded at this point that they are responsible for the safety and organisation of the visit.

8 EYFS

8.1.1 The Early Years Foundation Stage (Pre-Prep) Teachers/Head will assess, in conjunction with the requirements of the EYFS in relation to adult to child ratios. This may be increased if a particular activity or trip highlights the need for additional supervision or those with specific qualifications.

9 SUPERVISION

9.1 For more information regarding the supervision of students, including EYFS, please refer to the Supervisions Policy and Risky areas policy. Safety on the school grounds is paramount and pupils are reminded through various platforms and meetings of our expectations. In particular parking arrangements in the playground are explained in detail on a regular basis to both parents and pupils. For example how to park, which are the safe routes across the playground etc.

10 SAFER RECRUITMENT

10.1 Where a new member of staff is joining the school with the result of the DBS still pending, a Pending DBS Risk Assessment will be completed by the Bursar.

11 PUPIL WELFARE

11.1 All aspects of pupil's welfare are risk assessed in accordance with the potential hazard, for example, medical conditions have been risk assessed under Medical Policies. Bullying procedures are included within the Anti-Bullying Policy and the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy. All policies can be found within the staff shared drives or website.

- 11.2 Where a concern about a pupil's welfare is identified (e.g. eating an eating disorder), the risks to that pupil's welfare will be assessed and appropriate action will be taken to reduce the risks identified. The assessment and action will be recorded and regularly monitored and reviewed. Please refer to the senior schools mental health policy.
- 11.3 The format of the risk assessment may vary and may be included as part of the School's overall response to a welfare issue. Regardless of the form used, the School's approach to promoting pupil welfare will be systematic and pupil focused.
- 11.4 The information obtained through this process and the action agreed will be shared, as appropriate, with other staff, parents and third parties in order to safeguard and promote the welfare of a particular pupil or of pupils generally. The School recognises its responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils in its care. This responsibility encompasses the following principles:
- 11.4.1 to support pupils' physical and mental health and emotional wellbeing (as well as their social and economic well-being);
- 11.4.2 to protect pupils from harm and neglect;
- 11.4.3 to recognise that corporal punishment can never be justified;
- 11.4.4 to provide pupils with appropriate education, training and recreation;
- 11.4.5 to encourage pupils to contribute to society;
- 11.4.6 to protect pupils from the risk of radicalisation, extremism and being drawn into terrorism 'Prevent';
- 11.4.7 to build pupils' resilience to radicalisation by actively promoting fundamental British values, enabling pupils' to challenge extremist views;
- 11.4.8 to assess the risk of children being drawn into terrorism and to provide appropriate support for those identified as being at risk;
- 11.4.9 to ensure that pupils are provided with a safe and healthy environment so far as reasonably practicable; and
- 11.4.10 to manage welfare concerns effectively.
- 11.5 The School recognises that individual pupils may have needs which arise from physical, medical, sensory, learning, emotional or behavioural difficulties which require provision additional to or different from that generally required by children of the same age in mainstream schools. The School is committed to promoting and safeguarding the welfare of all of its pupils having regard to the special requirements of individual pupils but, where appropriate or necessary, balancing the special requirements of individual pupils against the School's responsibilities to promote and safeguard the welfare of all its pupils.
- 11.6 The School addresses its commitment to these principles through:
- 11.6.1 Prevention ensuring that all reasonable measures are taken to minimise the risk of harm to pupils and their welfare by: (a) ensuring through training that all staff are aware of and committed to this policy and the values set out; (b) establishing a positive, supportive and secure environment in which pupils can learn and develop; (c) including in the curriculum, activities and opportunities for

PSHEE which equip pupils with skills to enable them to protect their own welfare and that of others; and (d) providing medical and pastoral support that is accessible and available to all pupils.

- 11.6.2 Protection ensuring all appropriate actions are taken to address concerns about the welfare of a pupil, whether of a safeguarding nature or otherwise. This includes: (a) sharing information about concerns with agencies who need to know and involving pupils and their parents appropriately; and (b) monitoring pupils known or thought to be at risk of harm and formulating and / or contributing to support packages for those pupils.
- 11.7 The School recognises that pupil welfare and well-being can be adversely affected by many matters whether in or away from school, including abuse, bullying, radicalisation, and behavioural and health issues.
- 11.8 The school has a zero tolerance of Peer on Peer Abuse and Sexual Harassment. If pupils experience Peer on Peer Abuse or sexual harassment assessments are undertaken through our existing safeguarding arrangements and procedures.
- 11.9 The school has a zero tolerance of Bullying and our definition of bullying is well defined in our Bullying Policy. If pupils experience Bullying assessments are undertaken through our existing antibullying arrangements and procedures. Bullying also includes E-Safety and cyber-bullying.
- 11.10 The School has developed this policy and the policies in the table below, which set out full details of its procedures to safeguard and promote pupil health, safety and welfare.

Policy Responsibility for risk assessments	Person responsible
Safeguarding / Child Protection	Head (DSL) Deputy Head (DDSL)
Safer Recruitment, Pending DBS Risk	Bursar
Assessments, Volunteer Risk Assessment	
Anti-bullying, Inc Cyber-bullying	Head (DSL) Deputy Head (DDSL)
Behaviour and Discipline	Head
Health and safety policy	Head/Bursar
First aid policy	Deputy Head
Administration of medicines / Supporting pupils	Deputy Head/Office/Bursar
at school with medical conditions	
Educational visits policy	Head/Deputy Head
Supervision	Deputy Head/Lower School Lead
Specific Activity or Event or Department Risk	TIC, lead organiser
Assessment i.e. PE, DT, Science	

12 SPECIALIST RISK ASSESSMENTS

Specialist risk assessments are made for the following areas

- Fire Safety
- Asbestos Management
- Legionella
- First Aid
- High risk work equipment e.g. kitchen
- Security

13 RISK ASSESSMENT

What needs to be done – (The 5 Steps)

- 13.1 Risk assessment is a subjective but logical process which can be broken down into five steps:
- 13.1.1 Step 1 Identify the hazard
- 13.1.2 Step 2 Decide who might be harmed and how
- 13.1.3 Step 3 Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions
- 13.1.4 Step 4 Record your findings and implement them
- 13.1.5 Step 5 Review your assessment and update if necessary
- 13.2 When conducting a risk assessment, involvement of staff or their representatives will provide useful information about how the work is done, this will make assessment of the risk more thorough and effective.
- 13.3 Identify the hazards
- 13.3.1 Review the task and or work area, talk with the persons involved and identify any hazards. Assessment is not limited to normal work activities, but also special events and activities, if organised by the Head of Department shall also be subject to risk assessment. Remember to include hazards arising from normal activities and potential hazards if things go wrong. Focus on the reasonably foreseeable (that is an event that can logically be predicted to occur and which could result in harm) not remote possibilities. Tasks/activities that pose trivial safety consequences should not be subject to risk assessment.
- 13.3.2 It is important to remember that an effective risk assessment looks at the whole activity not individual hazards. This avoids the need for unnecessary paperwork and subsequent additional review and will in the end show a complete picture of how the hazards and associated risk are to be managed. There is a tendency to break risk assessments down into bite sized chunks for simplicity, but it is sometimes more effective to manage the hazards collectively thereby making the risk easier to manage overall.
- 13.4 Decide who might be harmed and how
- 13.4.1 For each hazard establish who might be harmed, it will help to identify the best way to manage the risk. This does not mean listing everyone by name, but rather identifying groups of people, e.g. Contractors, Employees, Visitors, members of the public etc.
- 13.4.2 In each case decide how they might be harmed, i.e. what type of injury or ill health might occur. For example, employees may suffer back injury from repeated lifting of boxes.
- 13.4.3 Some workers have particular requirements, e.g. new and young workers, women of child-bearing age, new or expectant mothers and people with disabilities may be at particular risk.

- 13.4.4 Shared workplaces present particular problems. Risk assessments should consider the effect of the activity on other workers. The Health & Safety Officer should also ensure that they are familiar with the risk assessments produced by other groups within the workplace that may affect their staff.
- 13.5 Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions
- 13.5.1 Evaluating the risk is a subjective process which becomes easier with experience. To help assessors 'Risk Rating' descriptions are listed below.

Likelihood:

0 = Impossible for the event to happen. 1 = Highly improbable, only likely in exceptional circumstances. 2 = Might happen, but on balance this is unlikely. 3 = Occasional. There is a 50/50 chance that the event will happen. 4 = Fairly Frequently/ More likely to happen than not to happen. 5 = Frequently/Virtually certain to happen. 6 = It will Happen

Severity:

- 0 = No injury would arise. 1 = A trivial injury would arise. 2 = The resultant injury would require first-aid treatment. Minor 3 = Someone would be incapacitated from normal work because of the injury. Major 4 = One person would suffer a major injury (as specified in RIDDOR*) 5 = Death or multiple major injuries would result. 6 = Multi Offsite deaths. Affecting local residents/community or further
- 13.5.2 The legal requirement for most Health and Safety Regulations is to reduce the risk of harm so far as is reasonably practicable. The level of acceptable risk is dependent on circumstances; the perceived risks of working in an office environment are different to those of working in a bull ring. It is the Bursar's responsibility to decide when the level of risk is acceptable, a well-constructed risk assessment will aid in this decision.
- 13.5.3 Some Regulations, such as the Electricity at Work Regulations, require a higher degree of compliance and therefore do not allow the use of 'so far as is reasonably practicable'. These Regulations are limited to high risk activities and guidance should be sought if there is any doubt regarding compliance.
- 13.5.4 The first step in evaluating the risk is to establish what controls are currently in place, it is important that this is based on what is actually being done not what is thought to be done. The second step is to decide whether anything else can and needs to be done, this could involve the introduction of additional control measures or better implementation of existing control measures.
- 13.5.5 If the need for additional control measures is identified, then their implementation needs to be managed. This will require identification of ownership and the setting of implementation dates. Large numbers of additional control measures should be addressed in priority order, the most affective being implemented first. Once additional controls have been identified the risk rating is to be recalculated and recorded on the Risk Control Sheet located in Risk Assessment Module. If existing controls are considered adequate the "Additional Controls" section should be marked "Controls Adequate".
- 13.5.6 When assessing risks the following points should be considered:
- 13.5.6.1 Can the hazards be eliminated altogether?
- 13.5.6.2 Can the risks be controlled so that harm is 'most unlikely'?

- 13.5.6.3 Is there a less risky option?
- 13.5.6.4 Can access to the hazard be eliminated or reduced e.g. barriers, guards etc.?
- 13.5.6.5 Can the work be reorganised to eliminate or reduce the risks?
- 13.5.6.6 Are additional welfare facilities required e.g. first aid or washing facilities for removal of contaminates?
- 13.5.6.7 Is Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) required? The use of PPE is a last resort and should not be preferred to other forms of risk elimination or reduction.

13.6 Record and implement findings

- 13.6.1 On completion of the risk assessment the details shall be recorded and the assessment brought to the attention of all those who are at risk or are responsible for implementing the control measures.
- 13.6.2 It is best practice to record dynamic risk assessments retrospectively and at the earliest opportunity. By recording these assessments, it may be possible to use the findings as a starting point for future similar tasks, thus improving the control of risks and reducing workloads. It also provides an auditable record of decisions allowing for more effective accident investigation.
- 13.6.3 The most important part of any risk assessment is effective implementation of the control measures. Once implemented, Heads of Departments are to ensure that the control measures remain effective and that staff are compliant with the risk assessment requirements.
- 13.7 Review and update
- 13.7.1 Risk assessments are to be regularly reviewed to ensure they remain suitable and sufficient.
- 13.7.2 A review is to be conducted:
- 13.7.2.1 Annually.
- 13.7.2.2 If there is reason to doubt the effectiveness of the assessment.
- 13.7.2.3 Following an accident or near miss.
- 13.7.2.4 Following significant changes to the task, process, procedure or Line Management.
- 13.7.2.5 Following the introduction of more vulnerable personnel, e.g. persons who are not familiar with the process, task or environment, persons who may have special needs.
- 13.7.3 If following review there are no changes to be made to the assessment, the Head/Bursar will agree the risk assessment and agree a new review date.

14 RETENTION OF ASSESSMENTS

14.1 Risk assessments are retained for a minimum of 3 years.

15 FURTHER GUIDANCE

15.1 More information can be found within the Health & Safety Executive Web Site. Alternatively, please liaise with the bursar.

Appendix 1 Guidance for completing school risk assessment forms – Consideration Areas

Area,	Risks within the area or part of that area i.e. wet surface, supervision, manual handing etc.	Control measures already in place i.e. inspection sheet, regular training.	Consideration Phrases Negligible Minor injury Major injury single death Multi death Multi offsite	Consideration Phrases Improbable Possible Occasional Fairly frequent Frequently Certainly	Any areas needing urgent attention	Areas of concern or highlight areas of action. Repeat areas to action on the recommendation sheet
1. Floors &			3			
windows						
2. Walls &						
doors						
3 Ceilings						
& lights						
4 Sinks,						
Facilities &						
toilets						
5 Fire						
6						
Electricity						
7						
Contagious Diseases						
8 Furniture						
a. desks						
b. chairs						
c. bookcase						
& cupboard						
9						
Equipment						
i.e. books						
9a Scissors						
10 General						
behaviour						
11						
Chemicals						

12 Blind			
cords,			
strangle			
13 First aid			

Appendix 2 Recommendation for Risk Action

Action	By When?	By Whom?	Completed
Action	By When?	By Whom?	Completed

Appendix 3 Covid-19 Annex/Contingency

Branwood School is committed to following the DfE government guidance and SAGE advice to keep the school and the community safe.

The Schools procedures are outlined on the COVID-19 risk assessment which is on the website.

This risk assessment follows the government Guidance for the full opening of schools.

The process follows the suggested hazard identification process;

- who may be harmed and how
- existing controls and further action

These risk assessments have been produced in conjunction with the whole school community, Salford LA and PHE.

The risk assessments are reviewed daily if required but generally fortnightly by the SMT.

The risk assessments are published to staff and parents through the website.

All staff are required to complete an individual risk assessment